

Notes on Assignment 1

Organization

Practical stuff

- Test instances are out: [hw01_instances.zip](#)
- Deadline [postponed to October 1st](#).
- Time limit extended to 2 minutes.

Remarks

- Regarding the input and output file format, **BE PRECISE!**
- Regarding allowed libraries:
 - Everything in the (Python and C) standard library is **automatically allowed**
 - For other libraries, **ask me**
- Hint: When evaluating

```
(a and b and c and d and e and f and g)
```

If `a` is False, then there is no need to evaluate `b, c, d, e, f, g`.

Questions and answers

The answers to all the following questions are already [in the instructions](#).

Nothing new is added here.

- **Q:** Can we use Python `eval()`?

A: Yes but be **extermely careful** with validation!

- **Q:** Can we use exceptions?

A: Yes (you probably should) but be they must be **caught!**

- **Q:** Do we really ignore all blanks in the input?

A: Not when they separate words: `abc def` \neq `abcdef`

- **Q:** Does the under-two-minutes constraint apply to `show` or `show_ones`?
A: It applies only to `show_ones`.
- **Q:** Which variables do `show` / `show_ones` enumerate over?
A: Exactly the ones declared up to the `show` / `show_ones` instruction.
- **Q:** How many truth tables does “`show a1 a2 a3;`” print?
A: Exactly one. Its number of columns is the number of variables declared so far plus three (for `a1`, `a2` and `a3`).

- **Q:** Can there be multiple show instructions?

A: Yes.

- **Q:** Should show print its output to stdout?

A: Yes.

- **Q:** Which rows of the truth table does “show_ones a1 a2 a3;” print?

A: Exactly the ones in which either a1 or a2 or a3 is True.

