20875 Software Engineering

Tutorial 1

1 Boolean logic

- 1. [trivial] Given the truth table of NAND given in class, prove that x nand y = not (x and y)
- 2. [trivial] Given the truth table of NOR given in class, prove that x nor y = not (x or y)
- 3. [trivial] Prove that x and y = y and x
- 4. [trivial] Prove that x and (y and z) = (x and y) and z
- 5. [trivial] Prove that x or y = y or x
- 6. [easy] Prove that x or (y or z) = (x or y) or z
- 7. [easy] Prove that x and (y or z) = (x and y) or (x and z)
- 8. [easy] Prove that x or (y and z) = (x or y) and (x or z)
- 9. [easy] Prove that (not x) and (not y) = not (x or y)
- 10. [easy] Prove that (not x) or (not y) = not (x and y)
- 11. Invent a binary Boolean operator that is distinct from AND, OR, XOR, NAND and NOR.
- 12. Find an equivalent Boolean expression for the above operator that only uses the operators NOT, AND and OR.
- 13. [long] List all the possible binary Boolean operators, including trivial ones. For each, give its truth table and and equivalent Boolean expression that only uses NOT, AND and OR.
- 14. Give an expression equivalent to (not x) using only the NAND operator.
- 15. Give an expression equivalent to (x and y) using only the NAND operator.
- 16. Give an expression equivalent to (x or y) using only the NAND operator.
- 17. Give an expression equivalent to (not x) using only the NOR operator.
- 18. Give an expression equivalent to (x and y) using only the NOR operator.
- 19. Give an expression equivalent to (x or y) using only the NOR operator.
- 20. Give the truth table of the following Boolean expression: (((x and (not y)) or z) or ((not (x and y)) and z)) and ((not (y and z)) or (y or z))
- 21. Put the above expression into CNF
- 22. Put the above expression into DNF.
- 23. Put the following expression into DNF:(x1 or y1) and (x2 or y2) and (x3 or y3) and (x4 or y4)
- 24. Put the following expression into DNF: (x1 or y1) and (x2 or y2) and ... and (xN or yN)
- 25. [hard] Show how any Boolean expression with n variables and k literals using operators NOT, AND, OR can be put into a CNF expression with n + k variables, 3k clauses and 7k literals or less.
- 26. [very hard] [long] Write a code that reads a Boolean expression in input and writes an equivalent CNF expression as above on its output.

2 Integer arithmetic

- 1. Explain why the largest unsigned integer with n bits is $2^n 1$.
- 2. Write the following numbers in binary: 7, 8, 9, 15, 16, 17, 184, 127, 128, 129, 255, 256, 257
- 3. Write the decimal representation of the following unsigned binary numbers:
 - (a) 1000 0000
 - (b) 0001 0000
 - (c) 0000 1000
 - (d) 1100 0000
 - (e) 0101 1100
 - (f) 1001 0010
- 4. Write the decimal representation of the following 8-bit signed binary numbers:
 - (a) 1111 1111
 - (b) 1000 0000
 - (c) 1100 0000
 - (d) 1001 0010
- 5. The hexadecimal notation represents numbers in base 16, using the digits {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, a, b, c, d, e, f}. Write the following numbers in hexadecimal: 7, 8, 9, 15, 16, 17, 184, 127, 128, 129, 255
- 6. Write the hexadecimal representation of the following unsigned binary numbers:
 - (a) 1000 0000
 - (b) 0001 0000
 - (c) 0000 1000
 - (d) 1100 0000
 - (e) 0101 1100
 - (f) 1001 0010
- 7. Implement a binary-to-decimal converter in C
- 8. Implement a decimal-to-binary converter in C17 (-std=c17 option on a C compiler)
- 9. Given an integer $k \ge 0$. Show that the representation using -k in two's complement signed integers is the same as the unsigned representation of (NOT k) + 1, where the NOT operator flips all bits.
- 10. Write a program that enumerates all *n*-bit binary numbers j = 0, 1, 2, ... For each j, print this number in binary, and print how many 1 bits it contains.
- 11. [long] Implement the addition and subtraction operations for 256-bit unsigned integers in C.
- 12. [long] [hard] Implement the multiplication operation for 256-bit unsigned integers in C.
- 13. [long] [very hard] Implement the division operation for 256-bit unsigned integers in C.